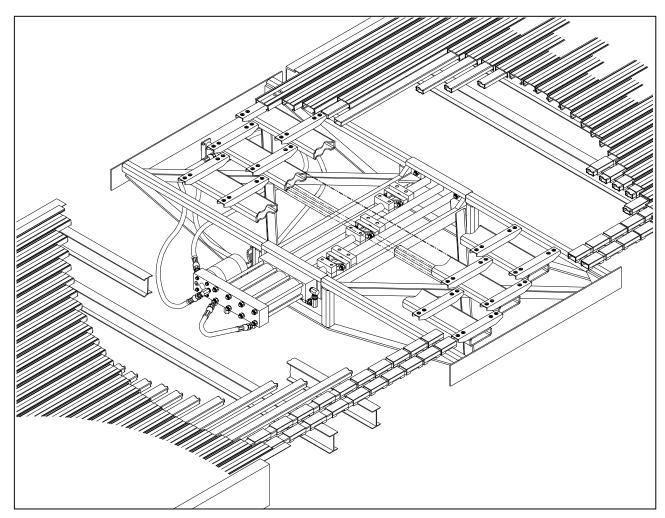


# **Owner's Manual:**

**i-3000 SERIES LIVE FLOOR**<sup>™</sup> **CONVEYING SYSTEMS** One-Way (i-3100) and Two-Way (i-3200)



<u>West Coast USA</u> 6605 Ammunition Road P.O. Box 505 Tillamook, OR 97141 Ph. 800-542-5526 Ph. 503-842-8886 Fax: 503-842-4866 <u>Central USA</u> 8276 Hwy. 16 North Poteet, TX 78065 Ph. 877-425-5261 Ph. 830-742-8441 Fax: 830-742-8682 East Coast USA 480 Millrun Rd. Salisbury, NC 28144 Ph. 800-230-0190 Ph. 704-636-4122 Fax: 704-636-1644

Web: www.hallcoind.com Email: info@hallcoind.com

# -FOR YOUR SAFETY-Read Carefully Before Operating Floor

This floor contains moving components and carries large loads which are capable of causing injury or death, if the following precautions are not followed carefully:

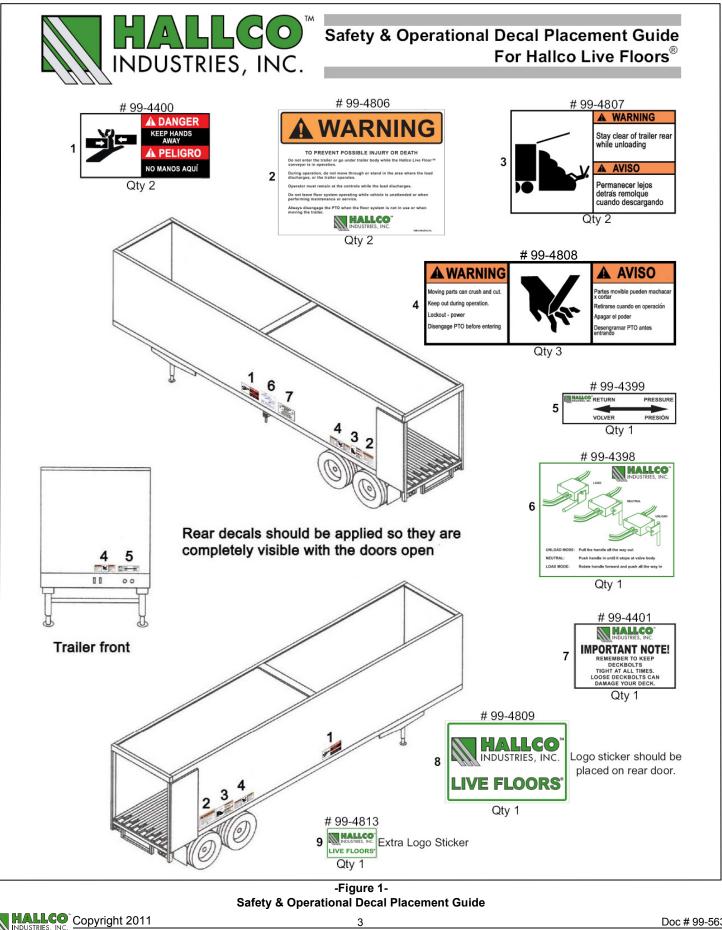
- Lock out or isolate the power source from floor while performing installation, inspections, cleaning, or maintenance.
- Keep all body parts clear of the floor mechanisms while the floor is operating.
- DO NOT operate floor while a person is on the floor.
- DO NOT stand at the opening of the container while the floor is unloading or in the way of the unloading doors which may be pushed by the moving load.
- Use caution when opening container doors even when floor is not operating. The load may have shifted against the door in transit causing the door to open rapidly when unlatched.
- DO NOT operate the floor in the unloading direction with the unloading door(s) closed. DO NOT shift the load material against the forward wall with the floor. The installing activity must provide a means for the operator to visually monitor the load when shifting it forward. This floor is capable of causing serious damage to the box structure and may pose a safety hazard, if the load is shifted against the rear or forward box structure.
- DO NOT operate floor above the maximum operating pressure specified in this manual.
- Observe Hallco safety sticker instructions.

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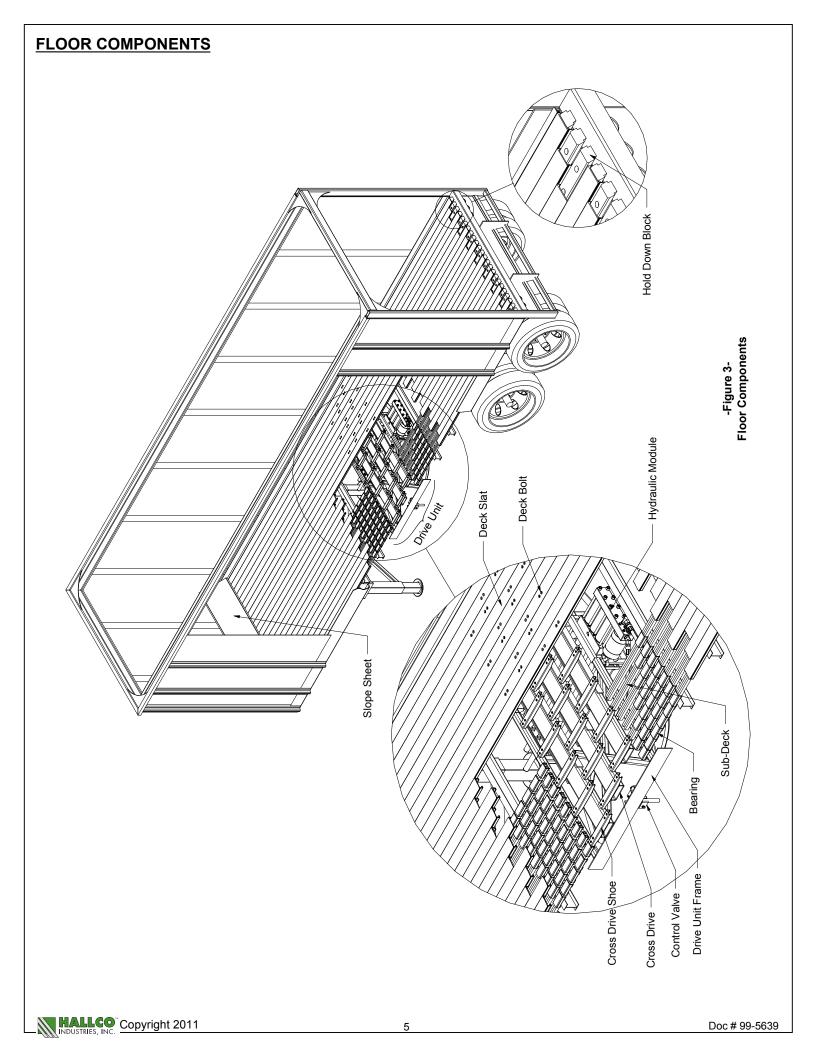
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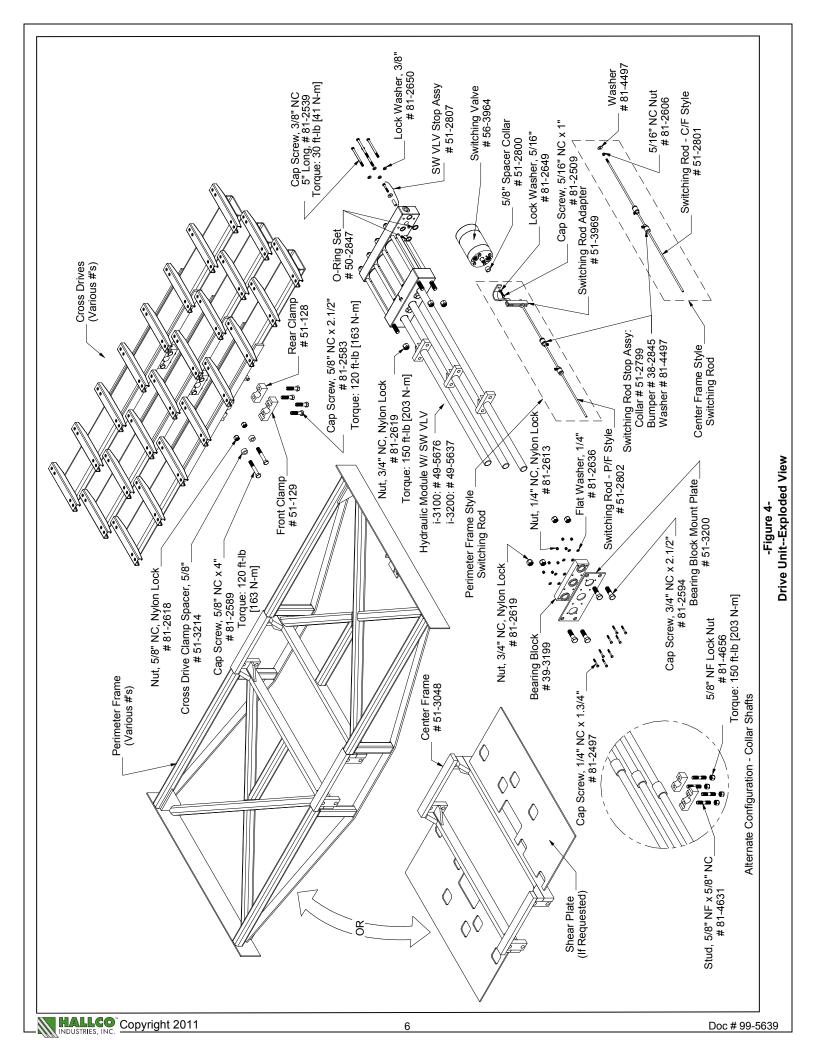
# **SAFETY & OPERATIONAL DECALS**

Prior to operating the LIVE FLOOR system check that the safety and operational decals are installed on the container. Refer to Figure 1 (this page).



# HOW THEY WORK 1. All Slats Move Together Moving the Load With Them. $\longrightarrow$ 2. One-Third of the Slats Retract. Two-Thirds Hold the Load. 3. Next One-Third of the Slats Retract. Two-Thirds Hold the Load. 4. Last One-Third of the Slats Retract. Two-Thirds Hold the Load. Cycle Repeats.... -Figure 2-How They Work





# **SPECIFICATIONS**

Hydraulic Module: i-3100 (One-Way) or i-3200 (Two-Way) Maximum Hydraulic Pressure: 3000 psi [207 Bar] Maximum Hydraulic Flow Rate: 30 gal/min [114 l/min] Floor Stroke: 9 1/4 inches [235 mm] Hydraulic Module Shaft Diameter: 1.5 inch [38.1 mm] Hydraulic Module Cylinder Diameter: 3.1/2 inches [88.9 mm] Load Capacity: 20 Ton [18 Tonne]

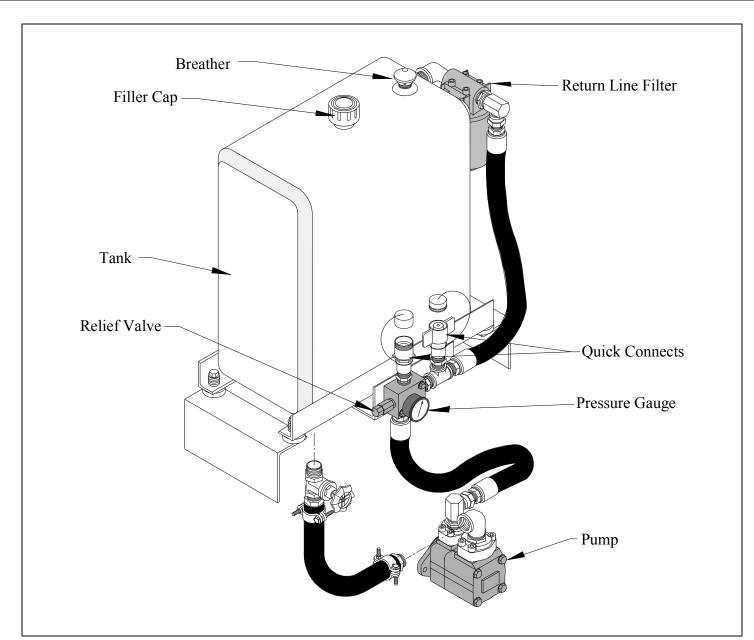
# THEORETICAL UNLOAD TIMES

-Table 1- Theoretical Minimum Unload Times—28 ft. [8.5 m] Container				
Oil Flow Cycle Time (GPM [LPM]) (seconds)		Convey Speed (ft./min. [m/min.])	Unloading Time (minutes)	
15 [57]	8.4	5.5 [1.68]	5.1	
16 [61]	7.9	5.9 [1.79]	4.8	
17 [64]	7.4	6.2 [1.90]	4.5	
18 [68]	7.0	6.6 [2.01]	4.2	
19 [72]	6.6	7.0 [2.13]	4.0	
20 [76]	6.3	7.3 [2.24]	3.8	
21 [79]	6.0	7.7 [2.35]	3.6	
22 [83]	5.7	8.1 [2.46]	3.5	
23 [87]	5.5	8.4 [2.57]	3.3	
24 [91]	5.2	8.8 [2.69]	3.2	
25 [95]	5.0	9.2 [2.80]	3.1	
26 [98]	4.8	9.5 [2.91]	2.9	
27 [102]	4.7	9.9 [3.02]	2.8	
28 [106]	4.5	10.3 [3.13]	2.7	
29 [110]	4.3	10.6 [3.25]	2.6	
30 [114]	4.2 11.0 [3.36] 2.5			

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# HYDRAULIC SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

HYDRAULI	<u>C SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS</u>
Hydraulic Pump:	This floor is rated to 3000 psi [207 Bar] operating pressure. Installing a pump which provides lower output pressure may result in poor operation. Maximum flow rate is 30 gallons [114 liters] per minute.
Hydraulic Reservoir:	30 gallons [114 liters] minimum capacity. The hydraulic reservoir must have facilities to mount the relief valve and a return line filter. Both of these items must dump the oil into the reservoir below the low level line. Hallco suggests a down draft be installed in the reservoir on the return line to limit the turbulence. The pump supply oil should be taken from 1" to 2" [25 to 51 mm] above the bottom of the reservoir. This outlet should be screened or baffled to prevent whirlpool. The whirlpool could introduce air into the system. A sight gauge or other means of visually checking oil level should be installed.
Hydraulic Oil:	Select a petroleum or mineral base anti-wear (AW) hydraulic fluid in ISO viscosity grade 46 or 68. Most synthetic and vegetable based biodegradable hydraulic fluids are also compatible provided the moisture content in the fluid is kept below 1%. Hydraulic fluid temperatures must always be kept below 200° F (93° C).
Relief Valve:	The relief valve must be external, relieved directly to tank, and set at 3000 psi [207 Bar] maxi- mum. The relief valve must be able to handle the maximum system flow rate.
Filler Cap:	Filler cap must have a fill filter and a breather cap (unless already provided separately).
Hydraulic Plumbing:	Early systems were plumbed with 3/4" NPT fittings into the manifolds. Later system changed to 3/4" o-ring fittings (ORB). Do not install pipe thread fittings into o-ring style ports and vice versa. 1" [25 mm] size hydraulic hoses are recommended for the supply and return lines which connect
	to the switching valve ports labeled "P" for pressure and "T" for tank/return. See Figure 7 (page 11).
Quick Connects:	Mating quick connects must be of the same type and must be rated above the maximum system flow.
Filter:	A 25 micron (or finer) filter rated above the maximum flow rate of the system must be installed on the return line. A good filter is essential to assure clean oil for a long system life. For units where quick connects are frequently connected and disconnected (where contaminants may be intro- duced) a pressure line filter is recommended between the quick connect and the hydraulic mod- ule.
Pressure Gage:	0 to 5000 PSI [0 to 350 Bar] range, glycerin filled.



-Figure 5-Example Hydraulic Supply System

# **OPERATING THE FLOOR**

The hydraulic module which drives the deck slats is produced in two types, one-way and two-way. The one-way module is designed to move the load material in one direction only. The one-way module is controlled by a two-position valve, neutral and unload positions. The two-way module can move material in loading or the unloading directions. It is controlled by a three position valve (unload, neutral, load). Refer to Figure 6 (this page).

When unloading material, or when shifting the load material in the unloading direction, make sure the exit door is fully open. When shifting the material in the load direction, be sure you have a visual means of monitoring the position of the load. The load must not be shifted against the forward wall. If the load is conveyed against the wall structure by the floor, it will more than likely cause structural damage to the box and put the operator and/or by-standers at a safety risk.

NORMAL OPERATION IN UNLOAD MODE (One-Way & Two-Way Modules):

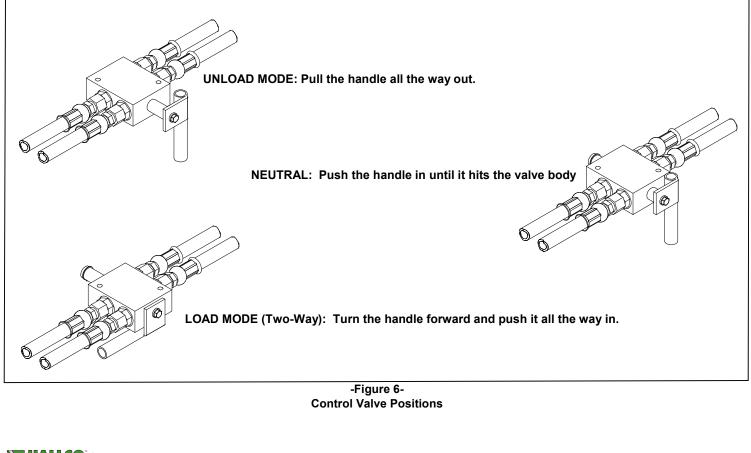
- 1. All deck slats move together towards the exit door.
- 2. First slat set (cross drive 1) moves away from the exit door.
- 3. Second slat set (cross drive 2) moves away from the exit door.
- 4. Third slat set (cross drive 3) moves away from the exit door.

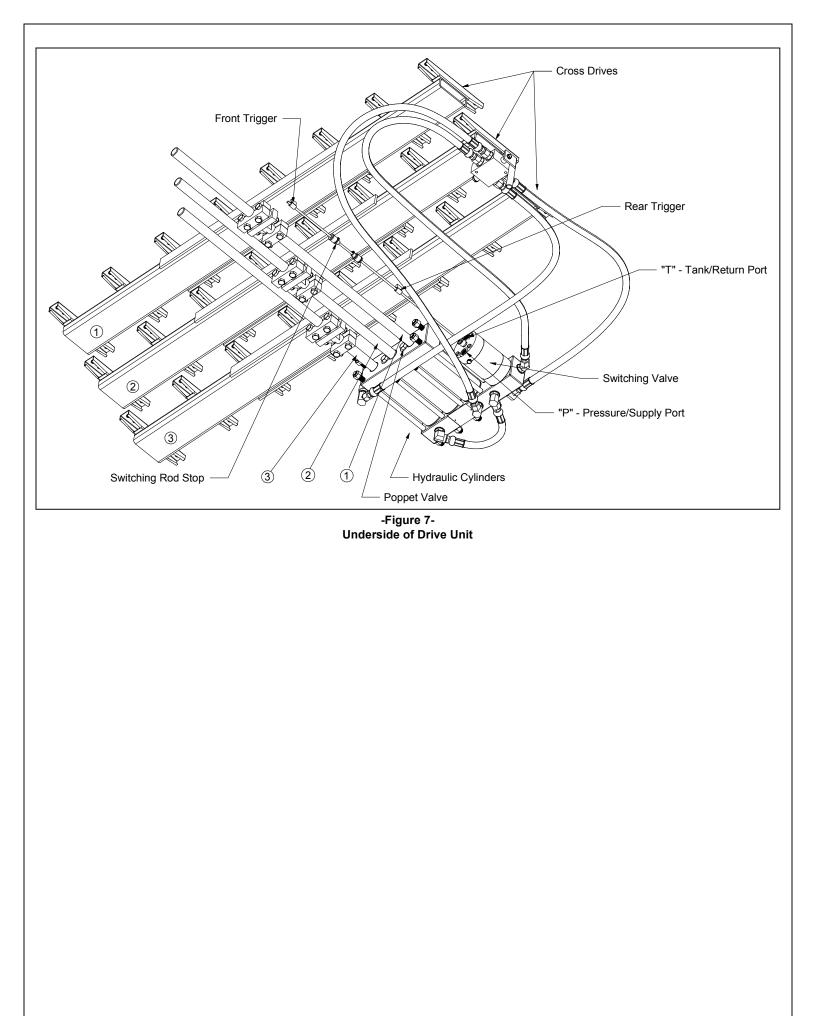
Cycle repeats.

NORMAL OPERATION IN LOAD MODE (Two-Way Modules):

- 1. All deck slats move together away from the exit door.
- 2. Third slat set (cross drive 3) moves towards the exit door.
- 3. Second slat set (cross drive 2) moves towards the exit door.
- 4. First slat set (cross drive 1) moves towards the exit door.

Cycle repeats.





## **TROUBLESHOOTING**

Experience has shown that most problems originate with the hydraulic supply system. If your floor is not functioning properly, first check for visible interference/damage of the floor structure or mechanisms, then check the hydraulic supply system.

**Problem:** Floor does not operate or operates slowly

*First Check:* (A) PTO. Is it fully engaged?

- (B) OIL. Is the oil reservoir full?
- (C) QUICK CONNECTS. Are they fully connected? Are they a matched set?
- (D) PUMP. Is the pump operating? Does it deliver the specified flow rate and pressure?
- (E) RELIEF VALVE. Is it set high enough (within specified limit)?
- (F) PLUMBING. Is the entire system plumbed correctly?

#### If the problem persists...

Disconnect the pressure line from the hydraulic module. Attach a hydraulic pressure gage to the pressure line. Start up the hydraulic system (typically by engaging the PTO) and activate pressure to the pressure line. If the pressure gage shows sufficient pressure being supplied to the hydraulic module, then the hydraulic supply system is OK. If there is insufficient pressure being supplied to the hydraulic module, then the hydraulic supply system may need servicing.

Common hydraulic supply system problems are defective pump and defective relief valve. If the pump ONLY becomes hot, that is a clue to a bad pump. Another clue to a bad pump is having to rev up the engine to get enough pressure to operate the floor. If the relief valve ONLY becomes hot, that is a clue that the relief valve is defective or has debris holding it partially open.

#### If the hydraulic supply system checks out OK, but the floor still does not operate...

Check the setting of the switching rod stops. See page 21, "Setting the Switching Rod Stops".

**Problem:** Floor operates correctly except that the slats do not sequence properly. Adjacent slats (cross drives) move together when they should move one set at a time.

*Likely Cause:* A poppet may have debris in the poppet seat, have a damaged poppet seat, or the poppet may not be seated correctly. To resolve this issue remove the poppet in question. Inspect the poppet seat for damage and debris. Remove any debris. Small amounts of debris can be flushed out by re-installing the poppet cap only (without the poppet valve and spring) and running the system, then re-install the poppet, spring, and cap. A leaky poppet seat can often be corrected with the poppet seating tool listed on page 16. Place the coned end of the tool into the poppet seat and tap the other end of the tool firmly with a hammer.

*If the problem is in unload mode:* A poppet in the head manifold may be malfunctioning. Check the poppet between the shafts of the cross drives which move together. I.e. if cross drives 2 and 3 move forward together, remove the poppet between shafts 2 and 3 in the head manifold. Refer to page 11.

*If the problem is in load mode:* A poppet in the base manifold may be malfunctioning. Check the poppet between the shafts of the cross drives which move together. I.e. if cross drives 2 and 3 move rearward together, remove the poppet between shafts 2 and 3 in the base manifold. Refer to page 11.

#### If the above solutions do not bring the floor to correct operation...

Contact Hallco to talk with a technical representative and/or to make service arrangements.

# **CLEANING**

The floor must be cleaned regularly to prevent buildup of material which could cause the floor to operate inefficiently or bind. Areas affected may include, but are not limited to, between the deck slats, between the deck slats and sub-deck, between the deck slats and the forward wall, and between the deck and the exit door. The operator/owner should establish a cleaning cycle appropriate to the type of loads which are carried. The life of the floor will be maximized by regular cleaning.

## **INSPECTIONS**

Inspect your floor regularly in order to monitor wear of your floor and to prevent further damage, if damage has already occurred. The following are some highlighted areas to inspect:

Deck Bolts: <u>The 3/8" diameter deck bolts connecting the deck slats to the cross drives must be kept tight at all times! Loose deck bolts will damage your deck.</u> The deck bolts must be checked after the first 5 to 10 loads. Torque from underneath to 35 ft-lbs [47 N-m].

In some cases 1/2" diameter deck bolts are installed. Torque 1/2" diameter deck bolts from underneath to 55 ft-lbs [75 N-m].

Decking: Inspect for wear or damage.

Bearings: Inspect for wear or damage.

Hydraulic

Plumbing: Inspect the hydraulic system for leaks and abrasion wear. Maintain reservoir minimum/ maximum levels.

Floor

Structure: Inspect floor structure including hydraulic module mount and framework, hydraulic shafts, shaft-to-cross drive connections, cross drives, and sub-deck for damage and wear.

Hydraulic

Module: Inspect the hydraulic module for leaks, loose mounting bolts, loose manifold bolts, worn wipers and seals, and pitted/worn/damaged shafts.

Sloped

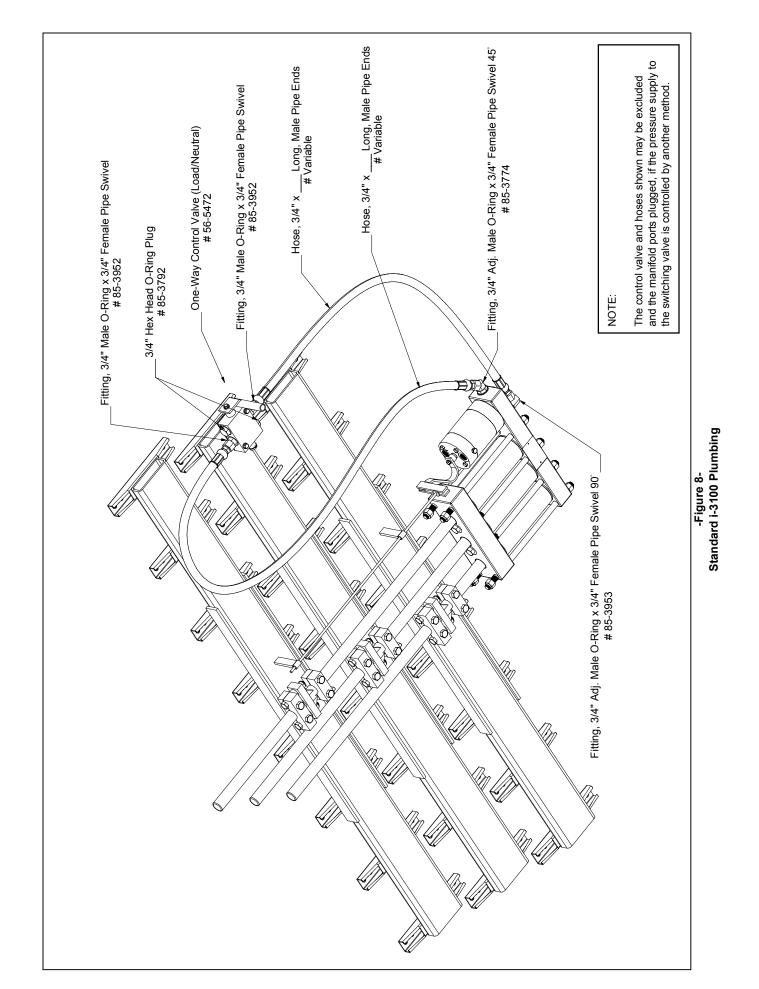
- Sheet &
- Wiper: Make sure the sloped sheet is in good condition and that the wiper attached to the sloped sheet is keeping the gap between the forward wall and the end of the decking clear of material which could cause the floor to bind.

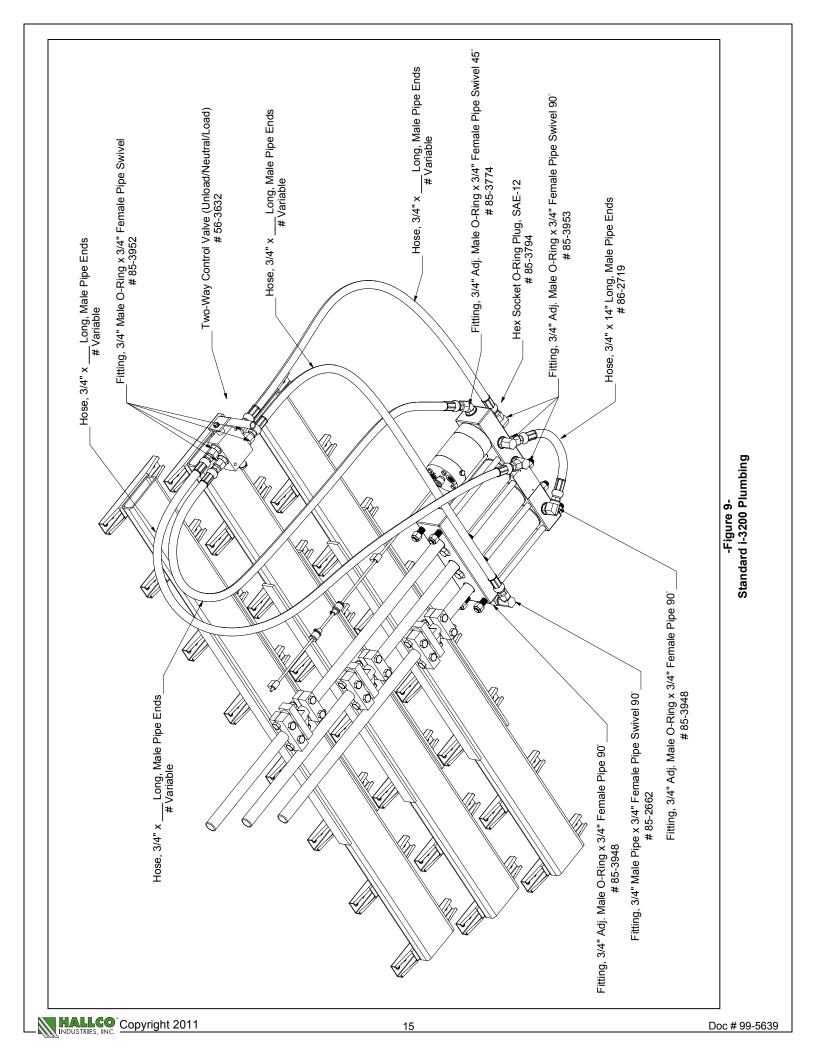
#### **REPAIRS**

Refer to the installation manual for repairs which extend beyond the scope of this owner's manual. Do not reinstall defective components into your floor system. Contact Hallco for replacement components.

#### EXTERNAL PLUMBING

Refer to Figures 8 (page 14) or 9 (page 15) for plumbing details. Note that some hose lengths vary based on the floor width.





#### HYDRAULIC MODULE OVERHAUL

-Table 2- Recommended Tools for Hydraulic Module Overhaul & Repairs			
Part Number	lumber Description Comment		
93-4333	Head Manifold Installation Tool—2000, 3000, 4000, 6000 Series	Included in tool kit, P/N 93-4356	
93-5500	Hydraulic Module Rebuild Fixture—3000, 6000 Series	For bench-top overhauls	
56-3712	Poppet Seating Tool—2000, 4000 Series, i-3000, i-6000	Included in tool kit, P/N 93-4356	
85-2972	Pressure Gauge 0-5000 PSI	Included in tool kit, P/N 93-4356	
93-4311	Rod Seal Insertion Tool	Included in tool kit, P/N 93-4356	
93-4708	Tie Bolt Installation Tool, 3/4" Tie Bolts—3000, 6000 Series	For quick-driving the tie bolts	

If the hydraulic module is accessible from below, it may be overhauled in-place. An advantage of overhauling the hydraulic module in-place is that when removing and torqueing the piston nuts the shafts are kept from rotating by the cross drive clamps. No lifting of heavy assemblies is required, and the shafts are always kept in the same position and don't require realignment. Depending on shop equipment and the extent of the overhaul, it may be desirable to remove the entire hydraulic module and avoid working overhead from under the truck, trailer, or bin. Hydraulic modules may be shipped to Hallco for overhaul. Hallco recommends including the switching valve for testing.

#### Removing the Hydraulic Module

#### Refer to Figure 4 (page 6).

- Detach the hydraulic hoses from the hydraulic module & catch the hydraulic fluid drips in a drip pan (temporary port plugs recommended).
- Remove the switching rod.
- Remove the cross drive clamps.
- Support the weight of the hydraulic module.
- Remove the anchor bolt nuts (by the mounting flange on the frame).
- Remove the anchor bolts far enough to clear the mounting flange.
- Lower the hydraulic module past the mounting flanges and cross members.
- Move the hydraulic module rearward to remove it.
- Drain the hydraulic fluid from the hydraulic module before disassembling or shipping it.

#### Disassembling the Hydraulic Module

Refer to Figure 4 (page 6), Figure 10 (page 18), and Table 3 (page 19). Hydraulic modules may be overhauled one end at a time.

Hallco recommends tagging or organizing the components as they are disassembled in such a way that they can be installed in their original positions. This will also help with inspecting for damage and wear (for example: score marks on a barrel ID may correlate with piston and seal damage as well).

- Remove the switching valve (refer to "Switching Valve Overhaul, page 22).
- Remove the tie and anchor bolts.
- Remove the base manifold.
- Remove the transfer tube & barrels.

- Remove the piston nuts and pistons. Note: The piston nuts were installed with 300 ft-lbs [407 N-m] of torque. The shafts will need to be held securely to keep them from rotating. Use the hydraulic module rebuild fixture, if rebuilding a removed hydraulic module. Shafts of hydraulic modules rebuilt in place are kept from rotating by the cross drive clamps.
- Remove the head manifold.
- Remaining seals may be removed from the head and base manifolds at this point.
- Poppet assemblies may be removed at any point.

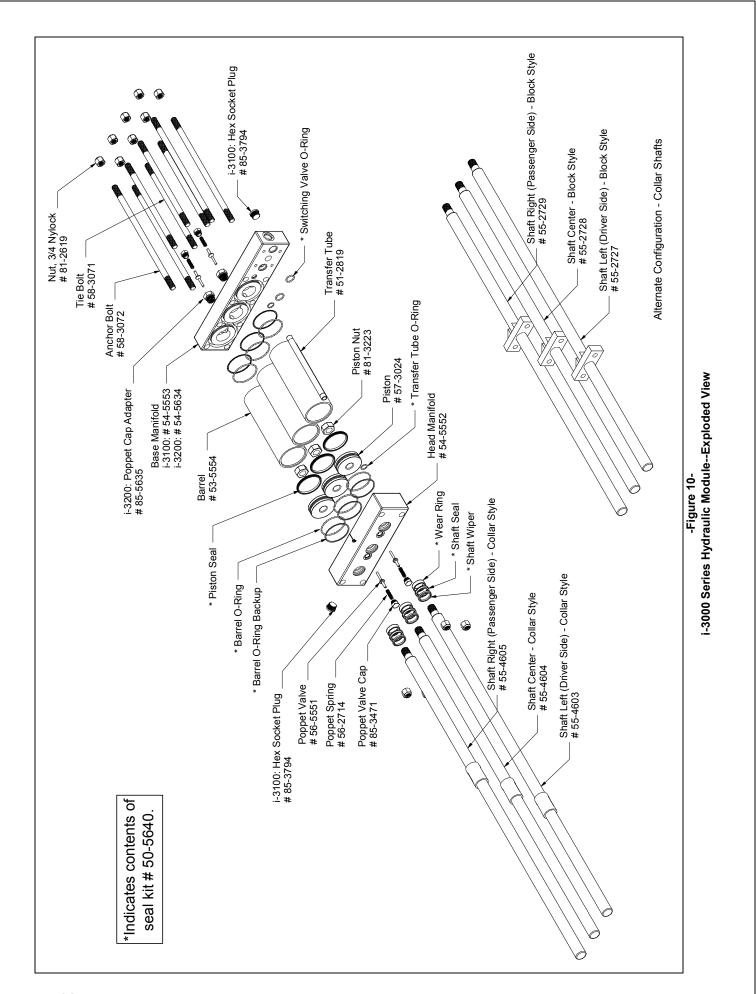
#### Reassembling the Hydraulic Module

Hallco recommends replacing all hydraulic module seals when overhauling a hydraulic module. Prior to reassembly inspect the components for wear and damage. Do not reassemble defective components.

- Replace the seals (lubricate with hydraulic fluid) in the head and base manifolds and on the pistons as shown in Figures 10 (page 18) & 12 (page 20). Use the shaft seal insertion tool listed in the recommended tools list, Table 2 (page 16), to insert the shafts seals.
- Install the poppet assemblies in the manifolds, if applicable.
- Assemble the head manifold onto the shafts.
- Insert the pistons (with seals) into the barrels.
- Lubricate and install the o-rings and parabolic backup rings on the head and base manifolds.
- Slide the barrels over the o-rings and parabolic backup rings onto the head manifold. The shaft end should insert through the piston in the process.
- Secure the pistons with the 1" NF stover nuts. Torque the nuts to 300 ft-lbs [407 N-m].
- Install the transfer tube (verify that corresponding o-rings are already installed).
- Install the base manifold.
- Install the tie bolts and corresponding lock nuts. Make sure the tie bolts thread into the head manifold at least 1" [25 mm]. Snug up the lock nuts; do not torque at this time. These will be torqued when the hydraulic module is installed (if removed entirely) or when this end of the hydraulic module overhaul is complete (if the hydraulic module was never removed).
- Loosely assemble the anchor bolts and lock nuts at this time or set them aside until the hydraulic module is attached to the drive unit frame.

#### Installing the Hydraulic Module

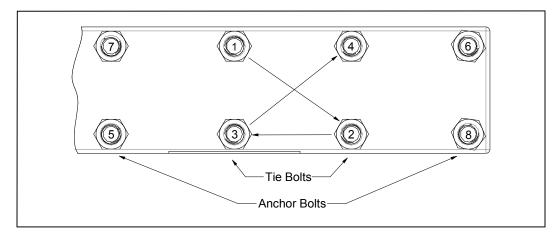
- Install the hydraulic module into position in the reverse order of the way it was removed.
- Secure it in position with the anchor bolts and lock nuts. Snug up the lock nuts.
- Tighten the nuts on the tie and anchor bolts using a criss-cross pattern. See Figure 11 (page 19). Tighten the bolts evenly so that the manifolds remain parallel as they are pressed towards each other. Torque to 60 ft-lbs [81 N-m] on the first pass. Finish with a second pass using the same criss-cross pattern. Torque to 150 ft-lbs [203 N-m].



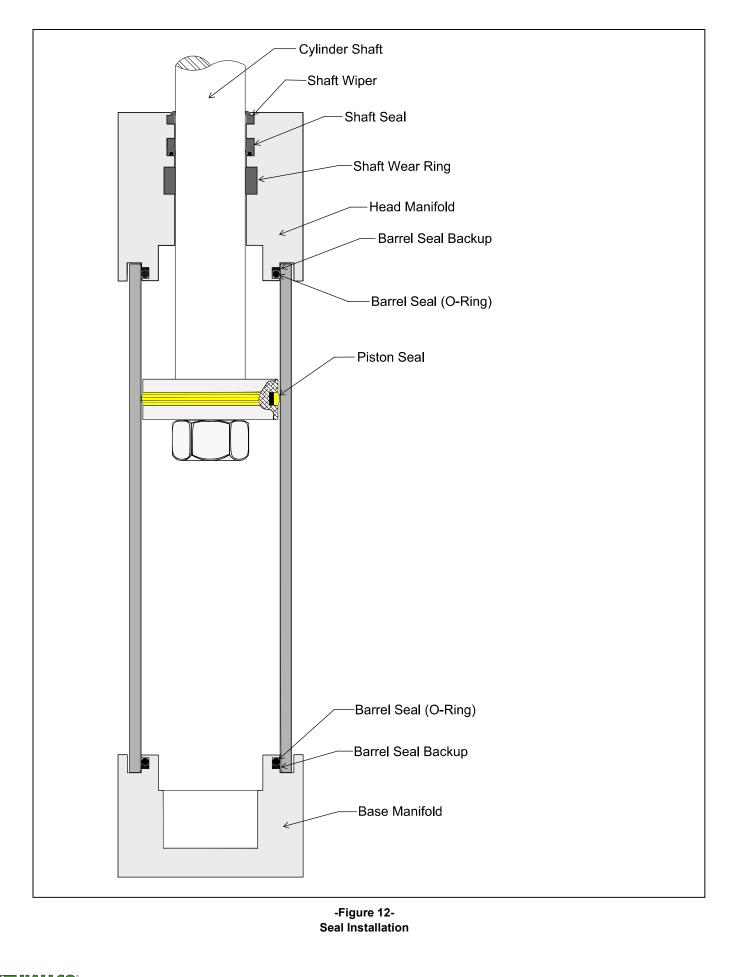
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-Table 3-
Parts List i-3100 & i-3200 Series Hydraulic Modules

	Parts List i-3100 & i-3200 Series Hydraulic Modules			
Qty for i-3100	Qty for i-3200	P/N	Description	
4	4	58-3072	Anchor Bolt - 3/4" x 19.1/8" Long	
3	3	53-5554	Barrel, i-3000, i-6000 Series	
1	-	54-5553	Base Manifold, i-3100, i-6000 Series, Anodized	
-	1	54-5634	i-3200 Base Manifold, Anodized	
1	1	54-5552	Head Manifold, i-3000, i-6000 Series, Anodized	
12	12	81-2619	Nut, Nylon Lock - 3/4" NC	
3	3	57-3024	Piston - 3.1/2" OD	
3	3	81-3223	Piston Nut, 1" NF Stover Nut	
2	4	56-5617	Poppet Valve Assembly, i-3000, i-6000	
2	4	56-5551	Poppet Valve	
2	4	56-2714	Poppet Valve Spring	
2	4	85-3471	Poppet Valve Cap	
-	2	85-5635	Base Poppet Valve Cap Adapter, i-3200	
2	-	85-3794	Hex Socket Plug	
1	1	50-5640	Seal Kit, i-3000 Series	
1	1	55-4605	Shaft Left (Driver) Side - (Collar Style)	
1	1	55-4604	Shaft Center - (Collar Style)	
1	1	55-4603	Shaft Right (Passenger) Side - (Collar Style)	
4	4	58-3071	Tie Bolt - 3/4" x 15.1/2" Long	
1	1	51-2819	Transfer Tube - 3000, 4000, 6000 Series - 10" Stroke	

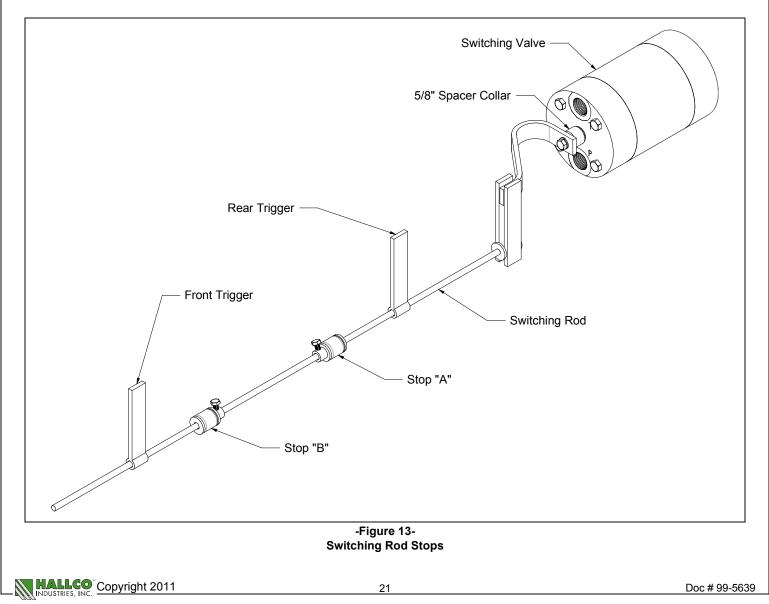


-Figure 11-Manifold Torque Pattern



# SETTING THE SWITCHING ROD STOPS

- 1. Release and move stops "A" and "B" away from the front and rear triggers.
- 2. Move the switching rod rearward toward the switching valve until it stops.
- 3. Apply hydraulic pressure (load or unload mode) until the shafts are fully extended forward away from the switching valve, then shut off pressure.
- 4. Move the switching rod away from the switching valve until it stops. Move and set stop "A" firmly against the rear trigger.
- 5. Apply hydraulic pressure until the shafts are fully retracted rearward towards the switching valve, then shut off pressure.
- 6. Move the switching rod rearward toward the switching valve until it stops. Move and set stop "B" firmly against the front trigger.
- 7. Mark the positions of stops "A" and "B" on the switching rod.
- Apply hydraulic pressure to the cylinders until the triggers are free from the stops by at least 3/8". Shut off the pressure. Move stop "A" 3/8" [10 mm] toward the rear trigger and tighten firmly. Move stop "B" 3/8" [10 mm] toward the front trigger and tighten firmly.



# SWITCHING VALVE OVERHAUL

The switching valve can be overhauled to correct seal leakage only — not bypass. If any of the major components require replacement, the entire valve will need to be replaced.

If bypass is suspected because of overheating of the switching valve during operation, send the switching valve to Hallco for testing or replace entirely.

Refer to Figure 4 (page 6) and 14 (page 23).

#### Removing the Switching Valve

- Disconnect the switching rod mechanism.
- Remove the switching valve stop bolt, washer and collar.
- Remove the switching valve mount bolts.

#### Disassembling the Switching Valve

- Remove the cap screws which attach the end caps to the valve body.
- Slide the end caps away from the valve body.
- Remove the pilot rod and the spool.
- Remove the o-rings and shaft wipers.

#### Inspecting the Switching Valve Components

- Inspect the spool, pilot rod, spool bore, and pilot rod bores for scoring and burrs.
- Inspect all the remaining seal areas. The seal areas must be smooth and free of scoring and burrs.
- Inspect the fasteners and threaded holes for good thread engagement.

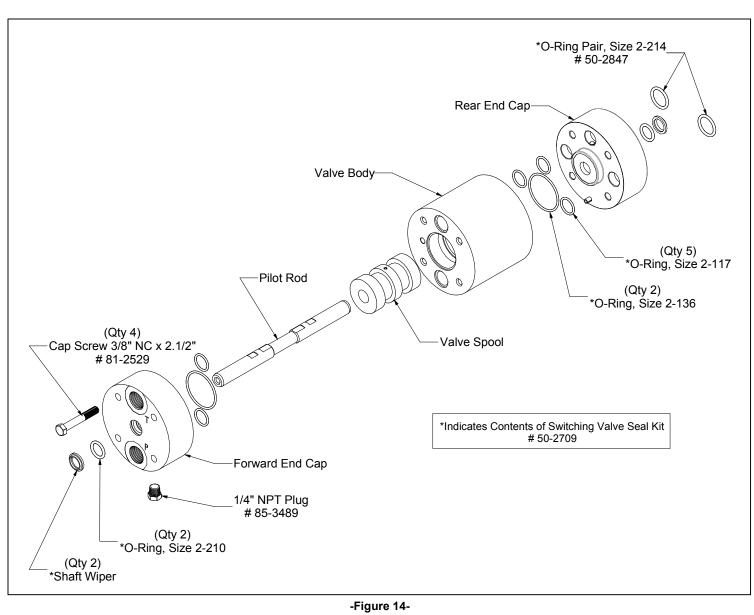
#### Reassembly of the Switching Valve

Hallco recommends replacing all the switching valve seals when overhauling the switching valve.

- Lubricate the shaft wipers and o-rings with hydraulic fluid and install them in the end caps.
- Lubricate the valve spool and pilot rod with hydraulic fluid and insert the spool into the valve body and the pilot rod into the spool. Center them on the valve body.
- Place the o-rings which go between one of the end caps and the body in their respective seal grooves and slide on the end cap. Note the location of the alignment pin. Repeat for the other end cap.
- Install the cap screws which hold the forward end cap on, snug them up, then torque them to 30 ft-lbs [41 N-m]. Use two of the same size cap screws to hold the rear end cap snug until it is ready to be installed on the hydraulic module.

#### Installing the Switching Valve

- Install the switching valve onto the hydraulic module. Note that port "P" goes below port "T", and the 1/4" NPT Plug is on the underside of the switching valve. Torque the mount bolts to 30 ft-lbs [41 N-m].
- Reinstall the switching valve stop bolt, washer and collar.
- Reattach the switching rod mechanism making sure to include the switching rod stops (collars, rubber bumpers, washers).



Switching Valve--Exploded View

# CONTROL VALVE OVERHAUL

The control valve can be overhauled to correct external leakage only. If the valve has excessive internal bypass, it will need to be replaced entirely.

Refer to Figure 15 (this page) or 16 (page 25).

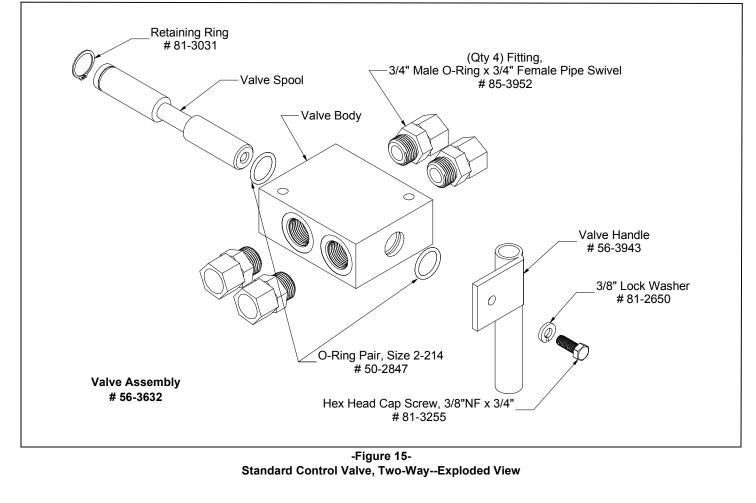
Disassembling the Control Valve

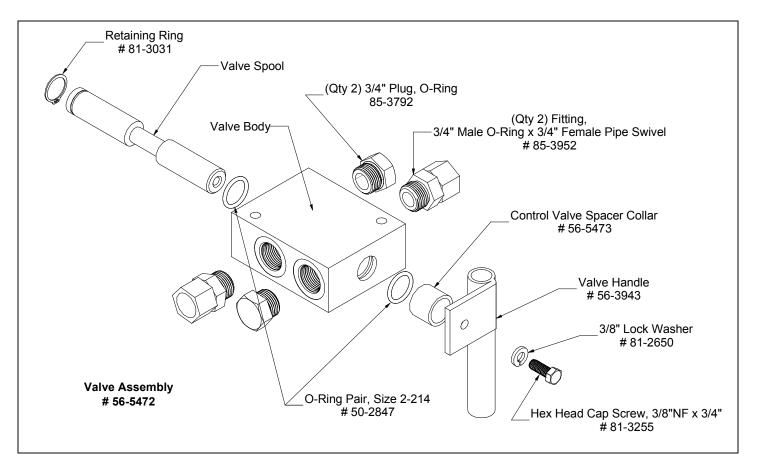
- Remove the cap screw and lock washer which attach the valve handle to the spool. Note: If the spool turns so that the screw cannot be removed, hold the end of the spool at the opposite end beyond the retaining ring with locking pliers or similar. Do not grip the area which slides in the valve body.
- Remove the spacer collar (one-way only).
- Remove the spool by sliding it toward the retaining ring side. Note that the retaining ring does not have to be removed.
- Remove the two o-rings from the valve body.

#### Reassembling the Control Valve

Prior to reassembly inspect all components for wear and damage. Do not reinstall defective components.

- Replace the two o-rings in the valve body with new o-rings. Lubricate the o-rings with hydraulic fluid before installing them.
- Install the retaining ring on the spool, if it was removed.
- Lubricate the spool with hydraulic fluid and insert it into the valve body.
- Attach the valve handle with the cap screw and lock washer.





-Figure 16-Standard Control Valve, One-Way--Exploded View

# WARRANTY

Hallco Industries, Inc. ("Hallco" or "Company") warrants to the original product purchaser ("Customer") each of the Hallco LIVE FLOORS® or its other floor systems manufactured and sold by it or any of its authorized distributors, when properly assembled and installed, to be free from defects in material and workmanship. This warranty expressly excludes deck seal, when used. Company's obligation to Customer under this warranty is limited to repairing or replacing, as herein provided, and at its sole option, any part or parts of the system which within twelve (12) months after delivery to Customer shall be found, upon examination by Company, to be defective, provided that such part or parts shall be returned, with insurance and shipping costs at Customer's expense, to Company's factory at 6605 Ammunition Road, Tillamook, Oregon 97141. Company must be notified in writing of any claim under this warranty within 30 days of any claimed lack of conformity of the product.

WARRANTY SERVICE OPTIONS. For service under this warranty, Customer must notify Company in writing to obtain a Returned Material Authorization Number (RMAN). When requesting your written RMAN, specify in writing the part in question by part number & applicable purchase order number. Customers in countries other than the United States should contact Company's authorized representative in such country, when applicable.

WARRANTY EXCLUSIONS. Representatives of Company are not authorized to modify this warranty in any way. It is the Customer's responsibility to regularly examine the product to determine the need for normal service or replacement. This warranty does not cover the following:

- Products that have been modified, altered, neglected or poorly maintained, misused, abused or involved in accidents or natural disasters, or repaired other than by Company in accordance with these warranty procedures;

- Damage occurring during shipment of the product. (Such claims must be presented directly to the freight company).

- Damage to the product resulting from improper maintenance or repair, the use or installation of parts and or accessories not manufactured by Company, or which are not compatible with the system, or failure to follow product warnings and usage instructions. - Normal wear and tear.

- Any product for which Customer does not follow the warranty procedures stated above.

WARRANTY LIMITATIONS. THIS WARRANTY IS MADE EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, AND OF ANY OTHER OBLIGATION OR LIABILITY ON THE PART OF THE MANUFACTURER.

In no event shall Company be liable for any loss, inconvenience or damage, whether direct, incidental, consequential or otherwise, except for the repair or replacement obligation as set forth herein. Some states or countries do not allow limitation on how long an implied warranty lasts and some do not allow exclusions or limitations of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. This warranty will be interpreted pursuant to the laws of the United States and the State of Oregon.

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